

# JPMorgan Global Emerging Markets Income Trust plc

ISIN GB00B5ZZY915

Sedol B5ZZY91

Bloomberg JEMI LN

Reuters JEMI.L

## Objective:

The Company aims to provide a dividend income, together with the potential for long-term capital growth from a diversified portfolio of emerging markets investments. It is free to invest in any particular market, sector or country in the global emerging markets universe and there are no fixed limits on portfolio construction. The Company has the ability to use borrowing to gear the portfolio to up to 20% of net assets where appropriate. Gearing may magnify gains or losses experienced by the Company.

<b>Portfolio manager(s)</b> Omar Negyal (2012) Isaac Thong (2020)	<b>Share price</b> 130.5p	<b>Actual gearing</b> 6.6%
<b>Company Broker(s)</b>  Winterflood Securities	<b>NAV</b> 149.9p	<b>Company fees &amp; expenses</b> <b>Ongoing Charges</b> 0.92%
<b>Benchmark</b> MSCI Emerging Markets Index, with net dividends reinvested (£)	<b>Company launch</b> 29 Jul 2010	<b>Annual management fee</b> 0.75% on net assets up to £500m and 0.65% on net assets above £500m (effective 1 November 2023)
<b>Company assets</b>  £ 474.4m	<b>Discount(-)/ Premium</b> -12.9%	<b>Performance fee</b>  No
<b>Dividends paid</b>  January, April, July and October	<b>Potential gearing range</b> Maximum 20%	

## ESG information

### ESG approach - Integrated

ESG Integration is the systematic inclusion of financially material ESG factors, alongside other relevant factors, in investment analysis and investment decisions with the goals of managing risk and improving long-term returns. ESG integration does not by itself change this product's investment objective, exclude specific types of companies or constrain its investable universe. This product is not designed for investors who are looking for a product that meets specific ESG goals or wish to screen out particular types of companies or investments, other than those required by any applicable law such as companies involved in the manufacture, production or supply of cluster munitions.

## Company ratings

Morningstar Medalist Rating™ **SILVER**

Analyst-Driven % **100**

Data Coverage % **100**

Overall Morningstar Rating™ **★★★★**

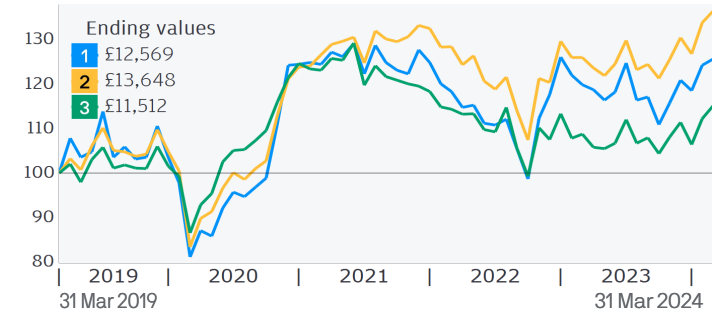
Morningstar Category™ Global Emerging Markets Equity

FE Crown Fund 

## Performance

- 1 Share Price
- 2 Net asset value
- 3 Benchmark: MSCI Emerging Markets Index, with net dividends reinvested (£)

## GROWTH OF £ 10,000 Calendar years



## Quarterly rolling 12-month performance (%)

As at end of March 2024

	2019/2020	2020/2021	2021/2022	2022/2023	2023/2024
1	-18.89	53.40	-4.90	1.30	4.86
2	-16.61	51.79	1.43	-1.92	8.38
3	-13.50	42.35	-7.12	-4.91	5.86

## Cumulative performance (%)

	Cumulative				Annualised		
	1 month	3 months	1 year	YTD	3 years	5 years	10 years
1	1.16	3.96	4.86	3.96	0.34	4.68	5.74
2	2.03	4.61	8.38	4.61	2.54	6.42	7.24
3	2.62	3.30	5.86	3.30	-2.22	2.86	5.84

## YIELD AND DIVIDEND HISTORY

Prospective dividend yield: **4.1%**

Total dividend for last financial year: **5.30p**

Financial year end: **31 July**

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total dividend per share (p)	5.10	5.10	5.10	5.20	5.30

## Holdings As at 29 February 2024

Top 10	Sector	% of assets
Taiwan Semiconductor	Information Technology	7.8
Samsung Electronics	Information Technology	3.9
Infosys Technologies	Information Technology	3.0
Bank Rakyat Indonesia	Financials	2.9
Inner Mongolia Yili	Consumer Staples	2.5
OPAP	Consumer Discretionary	2.4
Realtek	Information Technology	2.2
NetEase	Communication Services	2.2
Novatek	Information Technology	2.2
TISCO	Financials	2.1

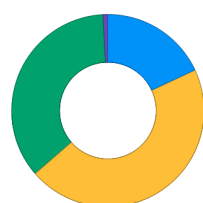
## Performance Disclosures

**Past performance is not a reliable indicator of current and future results.**

## ESG

For more information on our approach to sustainable investing at J.P. Morgan Asset Management please visit <https://am.jpmorgan.com/uk/esg>

## Market cap (%) (GBP)



- 18.10 > 100 bn
- 45.50 10 bn <= 100 bn
- 35.55 1 bn <= 10 bn
- 0.85 < 1 bn

Regions (%) As at 29 February 2024		Compared to benchmark	
China	24.6		+1.3
Taiwan	20.5		+3.7
Korea	9.7		-2.8
India	7.9		-9.7
Mexico	6.9		+4.3
South Africa	6.4		+3.9
Brazil	4.6		-0.9
Indonesia	4.4		+2.5
Thailand	3.8		+2.3
Saudi Arabia	2.4		-2.0
Others	8.4		-3.0
Cash	0.4		+0.4

Sectors (%) As at 29 February 2024		Compared to benchmark	
Financials	29.1		+6.4
Information Technology	26.9		+4.4
Consumer Discretionary	14.6		+1.9
Consumer Staples	12.1		+6.3
Communication Services	7.0		-1.6
Industrials	4.0		-3.0
Materials	2.2		-4.9
Utilities	2.0		-0.8
Energy	1.3		-4.2
Real Estate	0.4		-1.2
Health Care	0.0		-3.7
Cash	0.4		+0.4

## Portfolio analysis

Measurement	3 years	5 years
Correlation	0.94	0.95
Alpha (%)	0.35	0.27
Beta	0.46	0.52
Annualised volatility (%)	13.53	15.79
Sharpe ratio	0.20	0.44
Tracking error (%)	15.40	14.84
Information ratio	0.39	-0.02

## Key risks

Exchange rate changes may cause the value of underlying overseas investments to go down as well as up.

Investments in emerging markets may involve a higher element of risk due to political and economic instability and underdeveloped markets and systems. Shares may also be traded less frequently than those on established markets. This means that there may be difficulty in both buying and selling shares and individual share prices may be subject to short-term price fluctuations.

This Company may invest in non-investment grade bonds which increases the capital risk and may have an adverse effect on the performance of companies which invest in them.

External factors may cause an entire asset class to decline in value. Prices and values of all shares or all bonds and income could decline at the same time, or fluctuate in response to the performance of individual companies and general market conditions.

This Company may utilise gearing (borrowing) which will exaggerate market movements both up and down.

This Company may also invest in smaller companies which may increase its risk profile.

The share price may trade at a discount to the Net Asset Value of the Company.

The Company may invest in China A-Shares through the China-Hong Kong Stock Connect program which is subject to regulatory change, quota limitations and also operational constraints which may result in increased counterparty risk.

As the portfolio is primarily focused on generating income, it may bear little resemblance to the composition of its benchmark.

## General Disclosures

Investment is subject to documentation. The Annual Reports and Financial Statements, AIFMD art. 23 Investor Disclosure Document and PRIIPs Key Information Document can be obtained free of charge in English from JPMorgan Funds Limited or [www.jpmm.co.uk/investmenttrust](http://www.jpmm.co.uk/investmenttrust).

This material should not be considered as advice or an investment recommendation. Company holdings and performance are likely to have changed since the report date. No provider of information presented here, including index and ratings information, is liable for damages or losses of any type arising from use of their information.

To the extent permitted by applicable law, we may record telephone calls and monitor electronic communications to comply with our legal and regulatory obligations and internal policies. Personal data will be collected, stored and processed by J.P. Morgan Asset Management in accordance with our EMEA Privacy Policy [www.jpmmorgan.com/emea-privacy-policy](http://www.jpmmorgan.com/emea-privacy-policy)

Risk Indicator: The risk indicator assumes you keep the product for 5 year(s). The risk of the product may be significantly higher if held for less than the recommended holding period.

Ongoing charges are the management fee and all other operating expenses, excluding interest charges on any borrowing and any performance fee payable expressed as a percentage of the average daily net assets during the year unless where indicated. All the figures are for the previous financial year. For information on ongoing charges please refer to the Company's Annual Report and Accounts. [www.jpmmglobalemergingmarkets.co.uk](http://www.jpmmglobalemergingmarkets.co.uk)

## Performance information

Source: J.P. Morgan Asset Management/Morningstar. Net asset value performance (NAV) data has been calculated on a NAV to NAV basis, including ongoing charges and any applicable fees, with any income reinvested, in GBP.

NAV is the cum income NAV with debt at fair value, diluted for treasury and/or subscription shares if applicable, with any income reinvested. Share price performance figures are calculated on a mid market basis in GBP with income reinvested on the ex-dividend date. The performance of the company's portfolio, or NAV performance, is not the same as share price performance and shareholders may not realise returns which are the same as NAV performance.

**Prospective dividend yield** is for the investment trust's current financial year. It is indicative only and based on the latest month end mid-market price and the declared and net prospective dividends for the current financial year.

## Holdings information

Market Cap excludes cash.

## Information Sources

Company information, including performance calculations and other data, is provided by J.P. Morgan Asset Management (the marketing name for the asset management businesses of JPMorgan Chase & Co. and its affiliates worldwide).

**All data is as at the document date unless indicated otherwise.**

© 2024 Morningstar. All Rights Reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information.

Benchmark Source: MSCI. Neither MSCI nor any other party involved in or related to compiling, computing or creating the MSCI data makes any express or implied warranties or representations with respect to such data (or the results to be obtained by the use thereof), and all such parties hereby expressly disclaim all warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose with respect to any of such data. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall MSCI, any of its affiliates or any third party involved, in or related to compiling, computing, or creating the data have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits) even if notified of the possibility of such damages. No further distribution or dissemination of the MSCI data is permitted without MSCI's express written consent.

## Issuer

JPMorgan Asset Management (UK) Limited Registered address: 25 Bank Street, Canary Wharf, London E14 5JP, United Kingdom. Authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. Registered in England No. 01161446.

## Definitions

**Morningstar Medalist Rating™** is the summary expression of Morningstar's forward-looking analysis of investment strategies as offered via specific vehicles using a rating scale of Gold, Silver, Bronze, Neutral, and Negative.

**Analyst-Driven %** Displays the percentage of Analyst's input into the overall rating assignment, including direct analyst coverage and inheritance of an analyst-rated pillar.

**Data Coverage %** Displays the percentage of available input data for rating calculation at the Pillar level.

**Overall Morningstar Rating™** assessment of a fund's past performance, based on both return and risk and shows how similar investments compare with their

competitors. Investment decisions should not be based on a high rating alone.

**FE fundinfo Crown Rating** are quantitative ratings ranging from one to five designed to help investors identify funds which have displayed superior performance in terms of stockpicking, consistency and risk control.

FE Crown Fund Ratings are however purely quantitative and backward looking, and, as such, cannot offer any certainty about the future.

FE Trustnet crown rating as at 31 Jan 2024.

**Benchmark comparison** The benchmark is for comparative purposes only.

**Gearing** Gearing represents the excess amount above shareholders' funds of total investments (excluding liquidity fund holdings) expressed as a percentage of the shareholders' funds. If the amount calculated is negative, this is known as a "net cash" position.

**Discount/Premium** If the share price of an investment company is lower/higher than the NAV per share, the company is said to be trading at a discount/premium. The discount/premium is shown as a percentage of the NAV.

**NAV** The value of investment and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

**Cash** A company's net exposure to cash / cash equivalents [includes investment in liquidity funds and treasury stocks if held] expressed as a percentage of shareholders funds after any offset against its gearing.

**Correlation** measures the strength and direction of the relationship between movements in fund and benchmark returns. A correlation of 1.00 indicates that fund and benchmark returns move in lockstep in the same direction.

**Alpha (%)** a measure of excess return generated by a manager compared to the benchmark. An alpha of 1.00 indicates that a fund has outperformed its benchmark by 1%.

**Beta** a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements (as represented by the fund's benchmark). A beta of 1.10 suggests the fund could perform 10% better than the benchmark in up markets and 10% worse in down markets, assuming all other factors remain constant. Usually the higher betas represent riskier investments.

**Annualised volatility (%)** measures the extent to which returns vary up and down over a given period.

**Sharpe ratio** performance of an investment adjusting for the amount of risk taken (compared a risk-free investment). The higher the Sharpe ratio the better the returns compared to the risk taken.

**Tracking error (%)** measures how much a fund's returns deviate from those of the benchmark. The lower the number the closer the fund's historic performance has followed its benchmark.

**Information ratio** measures if a manager is outperforming or underperforming the benchmark and accounts for the risk taken to achieve the returns. A manager who outperforms a benchmark by 2% p.a. will have a higher IR than a manager with the same outperformance but who takes more risk.